

Marble Discoveries.

The Staunton Vindicator, Va., has the following, in reference to recent reported discoveries of different varieties of fossilated marble in August, County, in that State: "A few days since a number of gentlemen visited the locality and found first, on the west side of the small stream which winds its way by Craigsville, south of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, an immense deposit of gray marble, in height about 100 feet, and running from a quarter to a half-mile. On the east side of the creek and in close proximity, the pink variety of a mile in width, and of great extent, is found lying in corresponding strata, about the same height, while in the lowlands it appears of a mahogany color, variegated with white, and showing numberless beautiful fossils; and probably on going deeper on the hillside will preserve that color. As the mountain is a quarter of a mile to the eastward, the gray and pink variegated marble, probably a succession of a mile in width, and of the same height, into the intermixture of black, gray, light green, and white is reached, lying in horizontal strata several hundred feet in height, when a beautiful fossilated gray, exposed by mountain streams, can be ascended to within about a quarter of a mile of the top, when a jet black marble is found, as all the rest, in horizontal strata, and running over the top of the mountain, and in a northerly direction with the mountain and to its base near the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad. It was a novelty to those present to see rude stone fences and the abutments of railroad bridges built of what has heretofore been supposed to be limestone, but, upon examination, of the most beautiful marble, and what excited the greatest surprise was to see a rude stone cabin, near the summit of the mountain, scarcely worth \$5, with a large chimney of the different varieties of marble, worth probably \$500."

Ammonia Ice Machines.
It is a well-known fact that when a liquid is converted into gas it abstracts a certain amount of heat from the surrounding objects, and hence liquids which volatilize readily are either to produce a certain amount of cold. Ether, when placed on the skin, evaporates so rapidly as to produce the sensation of extreme cold. Gases, like sulphurous acid, and nitrous oxide, carbonic acid, and ammonia, which may be liquefied by pressure, produce very intense cold. It is to evaporate rapidly, which is done by removing the pressure. The apparatus invented by C. F. Carré, of Paris, for freezing water by means of ammonia, consists of a generator and a receiver made of iron boiler-plate, and connected by means of a strong iron tube. In the generator is placed a solution of ammonia saturated at 33 deg. Fahrenheit, which is heated by means of a suitable furnace, while the empty receiver is immersed in cold water. On heating the solution of ammonia the gas is driven off and collected in the receiver, where it is condensed to a liquid as soon as the pressure passes ten atmospheres. The receiver is constructed with a cylindrical space, into which a closely fitting vessel filled with water is now placed, and the apparatus reversed, the generator being immersed in the water. The liquefied ammonia, having the pressure removed, passes again into the gaseous state, and is re-absorbed by the water in the generator. By this means large quantities of ice are produced in tropical countries at a reasonable price. None of the gas is wasted, and the only expenses are for labor, apparatus and fuel. — *Edw. J. Hallcock, in Journal of Applied Chemistry.*

How to Raise Melons.
The following unique plan, which we find adrift without credit, is said to be the one long in use by a man who has had remarkable success in growing melons. We suppose it would answer equally well with squashes and similar plants: "Dig holes 12 inches square, eight or ten feet deep; fill up with well-rotted horse manure to the surface. On this put two inches of soil. Then take a four-inch flower pot; set in the center; draw the remainder of the soil around the pot, until the soil is about four inches deep, then giving the pot a twist round, withdraw it. This leaves a hole four inches deep by four wide. In this drop five or six seeds, and cover to the depth of three-quarters of an inch. Over this place a pane of six by eight glass, pressing it lightly to fit close. Then give no more attention till the plants are touching the glass. Then go through, taking a small stone, raise up one end of the glass with it; this admits of a circulation of air over the plants and hardens them. In about three days more remove the glass entirely. By this time they will be in the rough leaf; thin out to three plants in a hill, draw a little fine soil around them, as high as the seed leaf, and the work is done."

Greenland Glaciers.
Some of the Greenland glaciers attain a vast size. Dr. Kane reports the great Humboldt glacier as sixty miles at its termination. Its seaward face rises abruptly from the level of the sea to a height of three hundred feet, but it is not known how deep it may extend under the sea. Another important ice stream is the Glacier of Elishkin, on the northwest part of the island. It projects seaward so as to form a promontory thirteen miles in length. It comes from an unknown distance in the interior, and plunges deeply into the sea. — *Popular Science Monthly.*

"He is a Brick."
It would be fortunate if all our slang phrases could be traced to a classical origin. Many persons besides schoolboys and college students use the phrase, "He is a brick," without the least idea that it is supposed to be of classic origin. It is said that King Agamemnon, being asked by an ambassador from Epirus, how they were getting on at Sparta, replied, "We have." Pointing to his marshalled army he said, "There are the walls of Sparta; every man you see is a brick."

Silver.
At last we may look for the fulfillment of the promise of plenty of silver, both for money and other useful purposes, from the mines of the entire body, produce pimples, eruptions, ulcers, indigestion, constiveness, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism, and all manner of other complaints. No disease can be in the body without first being generated in the blood. If the blood is pure, it is of great importance to know what medicine will purify the blood, and in this respect, the great blood-purifier, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, is the only one to be relied upon. It is a great blessing to the human organism, commencing with its foundation; correcting defective action, and restoring vigor, creating a healthy formation and purification of the blood, driving out disease, and leaving Nature to perform its allotted task. — *Dr. J. C. Williams.*

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WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS been made in the payment of the money secured by a mortgage dated the 1st day of April, 1874, executed by John D. Deyo, widower, of the Town of Shawangunk, in the County of Ulster and State of New York, to Jane Smith, then the wife of Gardner Smith, of the Town of Hurley, in the County and State aforesaid, to secure the payment of thirty-seven hundred dollars with interest thereon from the date thereof on the first day of April, 1874, and which mortgage was recorded in the Clerk's office of said County of Ulster in Book No. 110 of mortgages on page 285, &c., on the 1st day of March, 1874, at 9 o'clock P. M.

And whereas the said Jane Smith died intestate on the 11th day of January, 1874, leaving Cornelius C. Smith, John P. Smith, Richard C. Smith, Mary Dennis and Jeanette Van Wageningen, all above twenty-one years of age, as her only children and heirs-at-law, surviving.

And whereas the said Cornelius C. Smith, John P. Smith, Richard C. Smith, Mary Dennis and Jeanette Van Wageningen, duly assigned and transferred all their right, title and interest in and to the said mortgage, and the bond accompanying the same, to their father, Gardner Smith, by assignment dated the 31st day of January, 1874, duly recorded in the said Ulster County Clerk's office.

And whereas the amount claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the time of the first publication of this notice is the sum of three thousand nine hundred and ninety-one dollars and sixteen cents, to-wit: \$3,991.16 of principal and \$21.16 of interest, and which is the whole amount claimed to be unpaid on said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained and duly recorded as aforesaid, and in pursuance of the statute in that behalf made, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, at the Court House, in the City of Kingston, in the County of Ulster and State of New York, on the 30th day of May, 1874, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

The premises are described in the mortgage as follows: All that certain lot, piece of ground, farm and land situated in the Town of Shawangunk aforesaid, and known and distinguished by the name of the farm now owned and occupied by John D. Deyo, and is described in three lots or parcels of land as follows, namely: Beginning with the lot of said John D. Deyo purchased from Willet Leaderman and his wife Sarah, and at a corner on the west side of the highway leading to Kingston, then as a needle pointed to the center of a highway leading to Kingston, the two last courses are as the needle now points; then as it pointed in 1859 south twenty-two degrees and forty-five minutes west seven chains and fifty links to a lot bought by Samuel Aldrich Smith, then south fifty degrees twenty minutes east twenty-nine chains thirty links to a stone set by the western side of the aforesaid highway, then along the same to the beginning, containing thirty-six acres of land.

Also all that other lot purchased from Samuel Aldrich and others, and bounded as follows, namely: North by the shore described lot, east by the public highway, south by lands of Peter Van Aken, west by the lands of Abram Verano, containing forty acres of land more or less.

Also all that other lot of land which is known as the same farm formerly owned by Jonathan Terwilliger, and is bounded as follows, namely: Beginning at a corner of land belonging to the lot of William Rosekrans, from thence south seventy degrees and thirty minutes west two chains sixteen links to the line of the first described lot, then along the same north forty-seven degrees west ten chains thirty-one links, then north forty degrees and forty-five minutes east four chains and four links, then south thirty-two degrees forty-five minutes east eleven chains ninety-four links to the beginning, containing three acres and eight-tenths of an acre of land.

Dated February 25, 1874.
GARDINER SMITH, Assignee.
VAN EYEN & CLEARWATER, Attorneys.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF
ULSTER, Theodore Frederick, Plaintiff, vs. Catherine Cummings his wife, Michael Reynolds and Bridget Reynolds his wife, Omer B. Wheeler, William L. Skidmore, John D. Chaffin, Chauncey Keator and Reuben Bernard, as executors of the last will and testament of Henry H. Keator, deceased, George Kierstead, George N. Freidenburgh, Robert L. Mulford, George H. Sprague, The State of New York National Bank, Lorenzo Dubois, Moses W. Schepman, John Rowe, Jesse Dunlap as Executors, and William J. Dixon as executor of the last will and testament of Archibald A. Dunlap, deceased, Albert Van Winkle, Robert H. Kild, John Bertrams, Frederick Stephan, Franklin H. Deakin, Bridget O'Connell, William Hart, Hamlet Hart and the Foughkeepsie Savings Bank, defendants.

In pursuance and by virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale made in the above entitled action on the second day of March, 1874, the subscriber, referee for that purpose duly appointed, will sell at public auction at the Court House in the City of Kingston, in the County of Ulster, on the third day of March, 1874, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the real estate and mortgaged premises directed by said judgment to be sold and thereon described as follows to-wit:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situated and being in the City of Kingston, in the County of Ulster, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of a frame building adjoining the brewery of the said Clara Smith on the southern side of Hurley avenue and running thence south thirty degrees, west one hundred and fifty-six feet and six inches, thence south thirteen degrees and a half degree, east thirty-nine feet parallel with Bridge Street or North Street, thence south thirteen degrees, east ninety-three feet, thence north seven and three quarters degrees, west fifty-eight feet, thence in range with the center of the street, wall fourteen feet and seven inches to the southeast corner of said brewery wall, thence along the center of said wall sixty-four feet and seven inches to Hurley avenue, thence south five degrees north thirty degrees, west fifty-one feet, four inches to the place of beginning, and all other rights and privileges in the deed to said Cummings and Kierstead specified, reference to which will more fully appear.

Dated March 5, 1874.
D. E. KEYSER, Referee.
GEORGE W. WELSH, Plaintiff's Attorney.
GEORGE W. WELSH, Plaintiff's Attorney.

REFREE'S SALE—SUPREME
Court, Ulster County, William Gokley against Patrick Hafferty, Jr., John Maxwell and Margaret Larkin, Jr.

In pursuance of a judgment of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, the subscriber, as Referee therein, will sell at the Mansion House, in the City of Kingston, N. Y., on the 30th day of April, 1874, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, the following described property to-wit:

All that certain lot of land situated, lying and being in the village of Rondout, in the town of Kingston, formerly now City of Kingston, in the County of Ulster and State of New York, distinguished as lot No. 128, of the property of George N. Ferguson, as described and designated in a survey of the same accompanied by a map thereof, drawn by D. Ferguson, August, 1854, being in front thirty feet (30), in front thirty feet (30) feet more or less, to the rear of lot No. 121, thence westerly along the rear line of lot No. 121, 120 and 121, one hundred feet to Cedar street, thence southerly along Cedar street thirty feet to the place of beginning. Being the lot of George N. Ferguson, as described in a deed given to Peter and Bridget McGrath or McGrath, by John B. Newkirk and Walter B. Crane, assignees of George North, dated September 10, 1864, and recorded in the Ulster County Clerk's office in book No. 128 of deeds, at page 46, &c., and in the name of the said Peter and Bridget McGrath or McGrath, dated August 18, 1869, by said Peter and Bridget McGrath, or (McGrath).

Dated March 30th, 1874.
C. M. PRESTON, Referee.
G. R. ADAMS, Attorney for the Plaintiff.
Rondout, N. Y.

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CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEED.

The Daily Freeman.

Kingsport, Tuesday Morning, April 7.

The South Carolina Taxpayers' Committee in Washington has been followed by the Office of the Commissioner of the United States Treasury. A small little branch in prospect, but Butler is for the former.

Summers of "expected changes in the Cabinet" fill the political air. And the President is in Philadelphia, too; he is looking for a candidate there. Don't know him in that city—the man whose "particular friend" George O. Evans, "was put through as you would me," and does not understand "addition, division and silence?"

The Sun has found a saving streak in the character of William Jay, and that character is the having once denounced a man worse than himself. Glad to hear it, we are sure. Now won't the two last luminary fare with a revised edition of Benedict Arnold's biography? Likely, after all, it was Washington, not Arnold, who tried to betray his country.

There is not an old adage to the effect that "thieves fall out," but the association is unwarrantable, but when we heard that Butler was going to prosecute Judge Durell, we felt that ancient saw rising up from the bottom of our memory. Now here is a chance for Ben to be useful; the Durell case has been lingering on the docket long enough, and the Essex statesman is the man to hurry it to a conclusion as unexpectedly creditable to him as it is desired by the whole country.

Boston is aroused and has blown a tremendous blast against inflation; the crude of liberty was set to rocking by the impetus of six thousand feet, and "hard money" was the cry. The speakers promised that the old Commonwealth would remember Vicksburg if the victor there would only stand by his country in the present financial crisis. Couldn't Boston and the President rig up a little compromise, say Adams to the Senate as a Roland for an anti-inflation Oliver?

Dawes is losing ground, and only ten balloons have been had. He has tumbled from 96 to 88, we think it is. Things are moving and the chances now are that a Senator may be elected before hot weather. Fearful of contrary result, however, most of the members have sent home for their Panama hats and a change of linen. Meanwhile at old hours, when caucusing gets boring, they collect subscriptions of each other for the Summer monument and invest the money in specimen birds.

Affairs in Cuba begin to look after all these bloody wars something like a final triumph for the insurrectionists. We hope one side or the other will beat before long. And if Spain is as mean a place and as wretched a republic as Kate Field, who has been there, declares it to be, we rather take stock in the patriots. Anyhow, let us have peace. Gore enough has been shed in the Queen of the Antilles to water the tobacco crop for half a dozen generations and it is now fully time to lay down the sword and take up the bow. Grant's cigars are costing him too much, and smoke must come down.

The Commissioners of Charities and Correction are complained of for allowing the imprisoned statesman, W. M. Tweed, too much liberty. Perhaps the Commissioners, influenced by the humanizing virtue of Easter eggs, lay more stress on the first defining words of their duplex title than they do upon the second. If those gentlemen are not careful, however, they may fall asleep, like Shields, and then, like him spend the rest of their lives waiting for their prisoner to come back. Tweed is a "Big Six," but if he should once get away he might be harder to find than the albatross value of $\frac{1}{2}$.

The Tribune publishes a speech of the late Senator Sumner which was never delivered. He wrote it soon after his removal from the Committee on Foreign Relations, intending by its delivery to set before the country the true state of the case in respect to the alienation of President Grant and himself from each other. It seems that Senators Schurz and Tilden, who were not present, made the speech and for three years he suffered under the misrepresentation of those who appeared to be unable to understand the position of this large-spirited man. Mr. Sumner's death removes all possible objection to his being heard now in his own defence.

Give the Editors Credit. In the list of contributions to the grand charity ball in New York nearly all the prominent newspapers figure largely. This is the case all over, but it is rarely the fact that the public note how large a measure of good newspapers do for the community without charge, or how much their editors devote themselves to the public welfare. With all the outcry about the iniquity and wickedness of the press, its aptness for lying, or its fondness for sensationalism, there is no one profession which contributes so much unrequited labor, or so much money in proportion to its means, or so much force, to every philanthropic, benevolent or humanitarian object as the editorial fraternity. The columns of every paper are always freely open to the advocacy of every measure in which the welfare of the people is at stake, and no charitable enterprise appeals to them in vain. Put an editor in a benevolent enterprise, or charitable association, and it's got a strong engine at work; while an editorial office is usually the first resort for every solicitor for alms and every agent for charitable societies. Editors may be given to lying, but they have charity enough to cover a multitude of sins.

Anti-Cremation Vegetation. D. G. Croly is a far-sighted economist and gives us his ideas of cremation from that point of view. "The dead," says Mr. Croly, "fertilize the soil" and thus continue to be useful even after their duties as living men and women have ceased. This would have more strength as a practicable argument if it were allowable to turn cemeteries into gardens. There being several objections to this, all the fertilizing force which may arise from defunct bodies must percolate through the soil from the centres of decomposition towards tillable fields and lots. Besides, there is something unwholesome in the idea that the growing grasses, the golden grains or the swelling tubers are fed on the moulting bodies of "fair women and brave men." If we remember rightly, Robinson Crusoe's man Friday wanted to eat his enemies as a most delicate and soothing method of taking vengeance upon them for their inhuman attempts to kill and eat him. We readily concede the difference between devouring a human body after devouring the corn into which that body after death may finally become transformed; yet it cannot be denied that there is a horrible resemblance between the two processes after all. Further, how could Mr. Croly arrange for the gratification of our varying tastes in the matter? For example: no one would want to eat any sort of garden product fed upon the dissolved corpses of a wine-bibbling old conservative with the political principles. Inasmuch as we unquestionably absorb the nature of our food, we should in this way imbibe, or rather chew up and assimilate, the seeds of rottenness and immorality, while, on the other hand, we should hesitate to subject the forms of edible vegetation, into which the remains of youth and "might" be changed, to go through a process with them that "aching

old"—an empty stomach. No, Mr. Croly; your suggestion may be founded on fact, but it cannot be canvassed as a serious contribution to the science of agriculture. The late Mr. Greeley knew a heap about farming, and he never recommended such a ghastly fertilizer. When the lamented Lord Lovelock died the other day, Long wrote about him that "out of his nose grew a red rose. And out of his backbones a better rose." The more we know of his backbones, the more we only wish that his lordship had the root of the matter in him; but most of us are so sure that in all probability nothing would grow from our decaying tabernacles better than an immense crop of Canada thistles, and these, as Mr. Croly knows, are a nuisance.

The Rumellers' Meeting. The Rumellers held their meeting last night at Washington Hall. In accordance with their custom of giving both sides a show, we present a full report of the proceedings, except the German speeches, which our reporter is unable to render. The meeting seems to have been preliminary, its main business being the appointment of a committee on resolutions, which will report at a future meeting. The arguments presented were very thin, and absurdly illogical. For instance, Mr. Jonathan W. Hasbrouck boldly asserts that some body's religious rights are denied when we are not allowed to sell liquor on Sundays. We very much doubt whether any German is prepared to adopt Mr. H.'s advanced views on the subject and agree with him in claiming drinking to be a religious duty. Any argument finds its perfection in its ultimate, and when Mr. H.'s devotee to drinking has fully surrendered himself to his religion he has then become a peril to everybody else, because he violates the very freedom which he claims for himself. The more of this religion he has in him the more dangerous he becomes to his neighbors, and even to his friends. But new converts are proverbially over-zealous, and we will wait till we hear from the Germans themselves before we believe they consider a larger keg the ark of their God.

The Commonwealth deals with liquor selling on the Sabbath for still other reasons than because it violates religious sentiment. The record of every police court from Maine to California swells to frightful proportions every Monday morning. Many large establishments make it a rule to pay their employees on Mondays, because their illness with full pockets on Sundays wastes the larger share of their earnings. If not a drop of liquor were sold in this city on Sundays we would need a couple more savings banks instead of a dozen more policemen, and if none were sold on Sundays we could save the new one and double the deposits of the old ones besides. Political economists who never pretended to mix a particle of religion with their reasoning have set down Sundays with open dram shops as the days of more profit to society than all the other six combined. Shut up every grocery and society could discharge three-quarters of its police, tear down five-sixths of its jails and prisons, and retire half its Judges. Let the rum and its kindred be sold on Sunday as well as on Saturday, for property would be practically valueless, because subject to continual danger.

Neither were the other speakers more fortunate in their claims that temperance men are violating the law. The very law under which these liquor dealers sell prohibits them from selling a drop on Sunday; and we venture the opinion that these dealers would find it a very difficult task to present a dozen of their kindred religious facts as a defense against the provision of the law which prohibits the sale of liquor to a minor or a drunken person. Out of the 178 persons who sell liquor in this city probably 150 are liable to imprisonment for ninety days and a fine of \$100. The dealers are reported to be raising \$20,000. Let them devote \$15,000 to paying the fines which are justly due the Commissioners of Alms from those 150 dealers. For these dealers, with their indecent and their drunkenness demonstrating their disregard for the statutes, to talk about violations of their legal rights is the height of absurdity.

Senator Jones' maiden speech, in opposition to inflation, has made a marked impression. "Hope springs eternal in the human breast," is a timely quotation for several aspirants to Sumner's shoes to ponder over. "The new bell punch for car conductors attracts the admiration of the English. We admire the English Punch much more." It looks as if Mr. Garnet Wolseley hadn't finished up that Ashantee job, as the dardies are getting ugly again. He had better go back and lick them some more.

Shields, it seems, don't give up hopes of yet nabbing Harry Genet. He goes up to Harry's house every few days to see whether or not he has got back. They are saying some pretty hard things about Gen. Burnside using money down in Rhode Island. It ought not to take much to buy the whole state. Will Secretary Richardson resign? It is the conundrum of the hour. Nobody knows except the Secretary himself and he hasn't told his dearest friend what he means to do. It may be as the Rev. Phoebe A. Hama-ford of Jersey City, says, that "God knows all his jewels," but it is equally certain that some of them are in other hands than His for the time being. The Bishop of Lincoln has engaged in the fight against the practice of selling church livings in England. He will have the cordial support of every man who respects religion and his own.

The new patent punch used by some of the New York street car conductors looks like a Smith & Wesson silver-plated revolver. We notice that passengers hand their fare to these warlike conductors with unusual speed and always have the exact change ready.

John Ruskin is organizing a band of Oxford undergraduates to work with pick and shovel in beautifying the environs of the town of Binckley, England. Rochester Democrat: As we have previously remarked, Mr. Beecher and Piquette Church are not guilty; but they must do it again. The King cattle farmer of this country is named King, and he has an enclosed pasture of 70,000 acres, with 50,000 cattle, 20,000 sheep and 10,000 horses. Last year he sold 5,000 cattle and some 20,000 horses. Hon. A. B. Cornell is to act as President pro tem. of the Western Union Telegraph Co. in the absence of Mr. Orton, who sailed for Europe last Saturday. To be absent some months for the benefit of his health. The Brooklyn Bar Association has decided to apply to the Legislature for the repeal of the act giving the Sheriff seventy-five cents for every case put on the calendars of the civil courts. The moiety system, for the collection of unpaid dues, originated during the administration of Franklin Pierce, when James Guthrie of Kentucky was Secretary of the Treasury, and has since been continued. As a juvenile party, one little fellow rejoicing in the splendor of his new clothes, went to another with the triumphant remark: "You ain't dressed as well as I am." "Well," retorted the other, "I can lick you anyhow." A Delaware man has been taking cod liver oil for four years to cure the consumption, and has just found out that he never had any consumption. He is the maddest man in America, and his children haven't said "boo" in a week.

TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR DISPATCHES TO DAILY FREEMAN.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Review at Wimbledon. LONDON, April 6.—The annual review of London took place at Wimbledon today. Ten thousand men were under arms. The display was unusually fine and was witnessed by immense crowds. The International Exhibition at Kensington was formally opened.

FRANCE.

The Cure of Santa Cruz. BAYONNE, April 6.—The case of the Cure of Santa Cruz, who was arrested on the frontier, has been disposed of. The prisoner has been acquitted of violation of the neutrality laws and discharged, but at the same time forbidden from remaining in France.

CANADA.

The Riel Matter. OTTAWA, Ont., April 6.—The Times, the government organ, this morning publishes an extra containing Archbishop Tache's manifesto on the Riel question, in which he declares that an amnesty was promised by the late government. It appears, however, that the promise was made before the Scott murder took place. The Times takes strong grounds against Riel and declares that the law must take its course. Archbishop Tache has left Fort Garry for Ottawa. It is still asserted that Riel will take his seat on Wednesday.

THE SANBORN INVESTIGATION.

Sanborn Cross-Examined. WASHINGTON, April 6.—On cross-examination by Beck, Sanborn admitted that the list of railroads in default furnished by him to the department was made from Appointor's or some other railroad guide, and that as to about 400 of the 593 companies on the list he had no knowledge at all, but put them in on the assumption that they did owe back taxes. He had objected, he said, to put any roads on the list except those he knew to be in default, but had been overruled by his attorney and afterwards on offering to revise the list he had been instructed by officers of the Treasury Department to let them all go. He was present to state which officers of the Department had given this advice, but he could not recollect. He mentioned a Mr. Prescott of Boston as one of the attorneys who had advised him to make out the list from the guide, but he declined to state the name of the other, who, he said, was a New York man and did not wish to be mixed up with this business. The examination of Sanborn will be continued to-morrow.

METROPOLITAN NEWS.

Honors to Judge Edmunds. NEW YORK, April 6.—All the state courts adjourned today in consequence of the death of Judge Edmunds.

RAPID TRANSIT.

The Assistant Aldermen have adopted a joint resolution providing for a joint committee of the Common Council to go to Albany at their own expense and ascertain what measures are now before the Legislature in regard to rapid transit, to investigate all plans for that purpose and determine which is the most feasible and support the best plan for rapid transit and advocate its passage.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Nomination by Republicans and Democrats. ALBANY, April 6.—The Republicans of both houses met in joint caucus in the Assembly chamber this evening to nominate a candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction. The first or formal ballot stood as follows:

Jonathan Tenney of Troy,.....	9
Oliver Morehouse of Orleans.....	4
Adrian A. Keyes of Albany.....	4
A. G. Johnson of Rensselaer.....	3
Daniel E. Whitmore of Cortland.....	4
Wm. Herring of New York.....	12
Nehemiah P. Stanton of New York.....	16
Samuel McKean of Albany.....	7
Neil Gilmore of Saratoga.....	14

A formal ballot was then taken, with this result:

McKean.....	16
Gilmore.....	12
Keyes.....	12
Herring.....	13
Keyes.....	11
Stanton.....	14
Johnson.....	5
H. W. Seymour.....	1

The fourth ballot stood:

Gilmore.....	29
McKean.....	15
Herring.....	13
Keyes.....	11
Stanton.....	14
Johnson.....	5
H. W. Seymour.....	1

On motion, Mr. Brewster's name was confined to the five highest, and it stood:

Gilmore.....	33
Stanton.....	22
Herring.....	13
McKean.....	17
J. Tenney.....	8

The next ballot was confined to the three highest, with this result:

Gilmore.....	42
Stanton.....	23
Herring.....	15

On motion of Mr. Lincoln Gilmore's nomination was made unanimous. They then adjourned.

THE DEMOCRATS OF BOTH HOUSES MET IN THE SENATE CHAMBER AND NOMINATED ABRAHAM B. WEAVER, THE PRESENT INCUMBENT, BY ACCLAMATION.

SANAMA HAY.

Collapse of the Enterprise. NEW YORK, April 6.—Under date of March 25th President Gonzales of the Dominican Republic announces the failure of the Sanama Hay Company to comply with the terms of its lease requiring the payment of an annual rental of \$150,000 to the Dominican government and the consequent lapse of all rights and privileges granted to the company. An official decree is promulgated resuming the authority of government over the territory granted that company, designating and installing officials in charge thereof and requiring the company to pay the stipulated rental up to the date of the decree and the expenses of protested drafts drawn by the Dominican government upon the company against the rental.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

Five Negroes Drowned. NORFOLK, Va., April 6.—Five negroes out of a party of ten who were crossing the river from Portsmouth to Norfolk early this forenoon in a small boat were drowned by the sinking of the boat.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

A Denial from Frederick Douglass. WASHINGTON, April 6.—Frederick Douglass, President of the Freedmen's Savings and Trust Company, publishes a card denying the report that that company is hereafter to be conducted exclusively by colored men and to be conducted altogether in the interest of the colored people.

EMIGRATION ABUSES.

German Mass Meeting in New York.

NEW YORK, April 6.—A large German mass meeting was held to-night in Cooper Institute to protest against the recent action of the Emigration Commission in removing all German-speaking employees and replacing them with persons ignorant of the language; also against the action of the Legislature in depriving the presidents of the German and Irish emigration societies of the former privilege of placing in voting in the Board of Emigration. Philip Bissinger, Park Commissioner, and President of the German Bank, presided. He briefly stated the object of the meeting and characterized the action of the commissioners as a revival of old Know-nothing principles, and called on all Germans to join in the outcry against such a system, the former history of which is too well known.

Addresses denunciations of Know-nothingism were delivered by Mr. Kaufman, President of the German society, Mr. E. Solomon, Willy Walack, Dr. Rupert, Rector of St. Matthew's Church, Oswald Ottendorfer, Dr. Theodor Herdendorf, August Koch and others. A series of resolutions were adopted condemning the present workings of the Emigration Commission and calling on the representatives of the city in the Legislature to take immediate steps for a repeal of the law of 1873, and the speedy restoration of the former privilege and powers of the Presidents of the German and Irish societies, in the absence of which emigrants are so badly treated that emigration to this country is being materially interfered with. A committee of twenty is to be appointed to present the resolutions to the Governor and Legislature.

THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

A Democratic Victory.

HARTFORD, April 6.—The Connecticut election resulted in the reelection of Ingersoll, Democratic, by an increased vote of the majority. Both houses of the Legislature are Democratic. Fifty-five towns gave Harrison 10,772, Ingersoll 11,935 and Smith 1,445. Hartford gave Harrison 2,880, Ingersoll 4,087 and Smith 124.

HARTFORD, April 7.—A. M.—Returns to the Comarant from all towns in the state except seven give the following result: Ingersoll 45,956; Harrison 39,292; Smith 4,564.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, April 6. The Senate met at 7:30 P. M. The following bills were ordered to a third reading: Amending the charter of the village of Ithaca. Amending the charter of the Rochester Athenaeum. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, April 6.

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THE HORRIBLE DEATH OF THREE MEN.

NEW YORK, April 6.—A frightful accident occurred at Bishop's chemical works, Hunter's Point, to-day. Four men sent to remove an obstruction in a canal which had been removed by a tank and three of them died in a few minutes after being brought out by comrades. The fourth, William Hennessey, rallied some and hopes of recovery are entertained. William Flynn and O'Brien had their faces much discolored, indicating a terrible crash. The accident was the result of criminal carelessness, for if the sill had been opened and aired as is the custom previous to the descent the affair would have been avoided.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Intendant for To-day.

ALBANY, April 6.—The following is the Court of Appeals calendar for April 7th: Nos. 133, 147, 124, 176, 179, 183, 187, 189.

FIRE AT COXSACKIE.

Loss Twenty Thousand Dollars. COXSACKIE, April 6.—A fire at Coxsackie, last night, destroyed property to the amount of \$20,000, in the heart of the village. Among the sufferers are S. W. Briggs on building, \$5,000; Yanny, tailor, on goods, \$10,000; C. F. Doughton, lawyer, \$500; Thos. Miller, barber, \$500; National Bank of Coxsackie, loss slight. The office of the Western Union Telegraph was in imminent danger, and the instruments were removed. The insurance is as follows: Phoenix, Brooklyn, \$2,000; Franklin, Philadelphia, \$2,000; Atlantic, Brooklyn, \$1,000; Albany, Albany, \$1,000.

OHIO ELECTION.

Success of Anti-Crusaders.

PROVIDENCE, April 6.—It is now understood that the Cincinnati election against the A. & W. Sprague Manufacturing Co. has been discontinued on Wednesday. A general assignment under the state laws was executed to Z. Chaffee, trustee under the mortgage. This does not supplant the trust mortgage, but is simply auxiliary or supplementary to it and operations will be continued as heretofore and suspended paper will still be exchanged for three year notes, agreeably to the provisions of the original trust.

UNITED STATES CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 6. Mr. SCOTT moved as an amendment to the section authorizing an increase of \$16,000,000 in national bank currency the following: And each national banking association now organized or hereafter to be organized shall keep and maintain as part of its reserve required by law one-fourth in bank of the currency received by it as interest on bonds of the United States deposited as security for circulating notes or government deposits, and that hereafter only one-fourth of the currency prescribed by law for national banking associations shall consist of balances due to an association available for the redemption of its circulating notes from associations in the cities of redemption, and upon which balances no interest shall be paid.

The amendment was accepted by Mr. Merriam.

A number of amendments were offered and rejected, when the question recurred on substituting Merriam's substitute as amended by Scott for the bill of the committee, and it was adopted, yeas 29, nays 24.

The bill having been considered in Committee of the Whole it was then reported to the Senate, the question being—Will the Senate agree to the bill as agreed upon by the Committee of the Whole?

Mr. SHERMAN then offered as a substitute for the entire bill, agreed upon in Committee of the Whole, the bill originally reported by the Finance Committee, with certain modifications, extending the time for special payments to January 1st, 1877, and providing for the retirement of fifty per cent. of greenbacks in proportion to national bank currency issued. Rejected after some discussion—yeas 28, nays 28.

The amendments made in Committee of the Whole were then considered by the Senate. The question then being—Shall the bill be read the third time and passed? motions to adjourn and to go into executive session were rejected, and a number of brief speeches made against the bill by Conkling, Hamilton of Maryland, Schurz, Sargent, Frelinghuysen, Anthony, Thurman, Stewart, Flanagan and others.

Mr. CARPENTER said he only rose to say that those upon his side had agreed among themselves to remain silent in order that there might be a vote. They had resolved to say nothing, and when called upon when they turn the other. The bill was then read a third time and passed—yeas 29, nays 24. Messrs. Gordon, Brownlow, Mitchell, Sprague, Conner, Ransom and Wright, who would have voted for the bill, were paired with Messrs. Bayard, Flanagan, Boutwell, Morrill of Maine, Stevenson, Sherman and Edmunds, who would have voted against it.

Mr. ANTHONY moved that the first bill on the calendar, being that for the relief of Lewis Ashton Dickens, be taken up so as to be un-

derful business for to-morrow. This was agreed to, and the Senate at 9:30 P. M. adjourned.

HOUSE.

Under call of states many bills, none of which were of general interest, were reported and referred.

Mr. KASSON, from the Ways and Means Committee, asked leave to report back the Senate bill in relation to customs duties on imported fruits, with an amendment adding the following proviso in the Senate amendment: Provided that duties imposed by virtue of this amendment shall not be levied or collected on fruit entered for consumption at any port of entry prior to July 1st, 1874.

The question giving rise to debate Kasson withdrew the bill, as he had not a right to the floor.

Mr. BROMBERG moved to suspend the rules and take up the bill to prevent the importation of contagious or infectious diseases.

Mr. CROSSLAND, from the Committee on Elections, made a report in the Kentucky election cases that Darham, the sitting member, is entitled to his seat.

Mr. HAZLETON of Wisconsin offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to report a bill amendatory of several statutes relating to the Judiciary, and to collect the same from 10 hours to a reasonable time, and to protect them from a collection of wages below existing rates. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. BUTLER of Massachusetts moved that the bill to amend and improve the office of the trial be made a special order for Tuesday of next week. Agreed to.

Under a suspension of the rules Mr. SPEER of Pennsylvania offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Commerce to inquire into the question of levying a capita tax on immigrants at the port of New York. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. MAYNARD of Tennessee, Chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency, gave notice that he would move the previous question on the currency bill at the close of the discussion to-morrow.

The House then at 4:45 A. M. adjourned.

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THE MANSION HOUSE.

I have leased the above Hotel, on Division and Lackawanna streets, and will at once renovate it and put it in first-class condition for guests. Every room will be made neat and pleasant, repapered, furnished, painted and every desirable improvement made.

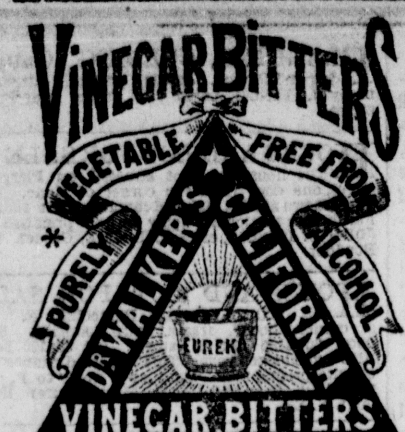
Regular Boarders will be accommodated in the best manner, and will find the Mansion House a quiet and pleasant place at which to board. Special accommodations for transient boarders will be found at this hotel, whose central and prominent location renders it the most desirable place at which travelers can stop.

The Table

AT 8 O'CLOCK, AT THE
Rondout M. E. Church.
 PROCEEDS TO PAY FOR THE SCHOOL
 LIBRARY.
 ADMISSION.....25 cents

PROCEEDS TO PAY FOR THE SCHOOL
LIBRARY.

ADMISSION.....25 cents



Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion & Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great States throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fortified.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offspring of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Serofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Ulcers, Scald-head, Ringworms, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, who advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetters, Salt Rheum, Itch, Scabies, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

H. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists and Gen. Apts. San Francisco, California and cor. of Washington and Chatham Sts., N. Y. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

MILK OF MAGNESIA. A CONCENTRATED LIQUID MAGNESIA!

PREPARED BY **C. H. PHILLIPS**, Manufacturing Chemist, NEW YORK.

Indorsed and prescribed by all the LEADING PHYSICIANS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

AS THE **GREATEST ANTACID** Yet presented to the Medical Public.

It Immediately and Certainly Relieves Heartburn, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia and Headaches.

Caused by acidity or sourness of the Stomach or Bowels. Its action as a laxative for children is superior to any other preparation, requiring no perspiration to induce them to take it, and is peculiarly adapted to females during pregnancy.

A positive prevention against the foal of infants suffering on their stomachs.

MILK OF MAGNESIA Indispensable for GOUT, RHEUMATISM, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, &c., &c.

For children it is invaluable; it prevents food souring on the stomach, and serves the purpose of the various Syrops now in use, with none of their unfavorable results.

Commercial Printing.

All the Latest Conveniences and stylish faces of type for Printing

Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Note Heads, Statements, Receipts, Circulars, Check Books, Price Lists, Envelopes.

BANK STATIONERY.

Our Facilities are Unsurpassed by any office on the Hudson River for the execution of

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, RECEIPTS, DEPOSIT TICKETS, PASS BOOKS for Savings Banks, &c.

BALL and Concert Printing.

New and Unique designs for the production of all kinds of Invitations, Programmes, Show Cards, Orders of Dancing, Admission Tickets, Badges, &c.

COLOR WORK!

Our Material has been selected with special reference to this Class of Work; and with the most improved Presses, we are enabled to print

Illuminated Show Cards, BUSINESS CARDS, LABELS, BILLS OF FARE, CERTIFICATES, &c.

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Everything in this line, from the finest Illustrated Catalogue to the cheapest advertising almanac, we are prepared to do at less than city prices.—We have superior facilities for the prompt execution of

LAW CASES, BRIEFS, POINTS, &c.

RAILWAY BLANKS.

We offer special inducements to Railway companies, being prepared to turn out this class of work in the most expeditious manner. Headings and blanks ruled and printed with COPING INK, if desired, which will copy in an ordinary letter press as readily as the writing fluid.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, VISITING CARDS, &c.,

Printed in a style that will rival the best engraving, and at less than half the cost.

Posters and Hand Bills

In the most attractive form, at short notice, and at prices as low as the lowest.

A. V. HAIGHT, Supt.

SPRING MILLINERY FOR 1874 AT SIMS'S.

We now offer the largest and most complete assortment of MILLINERY that can be found in the country. The stock consists in part of

RIBBONS, SILKS, VELVETS, CRAPES, MALINES, LACES, ILLUSIONS, DOTTED NETS, WASH BLONDES, &c., &c.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Bonnets and Jockeys. Velvet Jockeys, Trimmed, only \$1.00.

Others of a finer grade equally low. Ladies' Dress Caps, Children's Lace and Medallion Caps and Bonnets, Flowers, Feathers, Piques, French Feather Grass, Leaves, Ornaments, &c., &c.

LADIES', MISSES' & CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR.

We have a full line of female undergarments, which are offered at prices less than you can make them at home.

A Large Stock of Hosiery.

Women's, Misses' and Children's Cotton and Merino Stockings. Also a full assortment of Women's, Misses' and Children's Merino Vests and Drawers. All of these articles will be sold at a small advance above cost. Call and look at them and satisfy yourself whether they are cheap. Mrs. Sims will take pleasure in showing you the assortment.

UNDERGARMENTS

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FANCY ARTICLES that can't be found elsewhere. Call and examine them; it will give you pleasure and cost you nothing.

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IN THE SUPREME COURT.—THIRD JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—Pursuant to the requirements of the 7th section of chapter 480 of the Laws of 1870, the undersigned, Justice of the Supreme Court, resident in the Third Judicial Department, do hereby appoint the times and places of holding Circuit Courts and Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and Special Terms within said Third Judicial Department, for two years commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and assign Justices to hold said Courts as follows:

CIRCUIT COURTS AND COURTS OF OYER AND TERMINER

ALBANY. Fourth Monday in January, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. First Monday in May, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. First Monday in October, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls.

COLUMBIA. Fourth Monday in January, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. Fourth Monday in March, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. First Monday in October, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls.

GREENE. Third Monday in February, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. First Monday in June, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls.

SCHENECTADY. Second Monday in January, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. Second Monday in April, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. Third Monday in October, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls.

SULLY. Fourth Monday in May, Learned, Ingalls. Second Monday in May, Learned, Ingalls. Second Monday in November, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls.

CLINTON. Second Monday in January, Ingalls. Second Monday in April, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. First Monday in October, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls.

Special Term for Motions only, at City Hall, Albany Last Tuesday of January, Learned, Ingalls. Last Tuesday of February, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. Last Tuesday of March, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. Last Tuesday of April, Ingalls. Last Tuesday of May, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. Last Tuesday of June, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. Last Tuesday of July, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. Last Tuesday of August, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. Last Tuesday of September, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. Last Tuesday of October, Westcott, Learned, Ingalls. Last Tuesday of November, Ingalls. Last Tuesday of December, Ingalls.

Special Term for Motions and Argument of Deceased Parties First Tuesday of every month, at Troy—Ingalls. Second Tuesday of every month, at Albany—Learned. Third Tuesday of every month, at Kingston—Westcott.

When Judges are not otherwise engaged such terms are only for motions in the Third Judicial District and always open for ex parte business.

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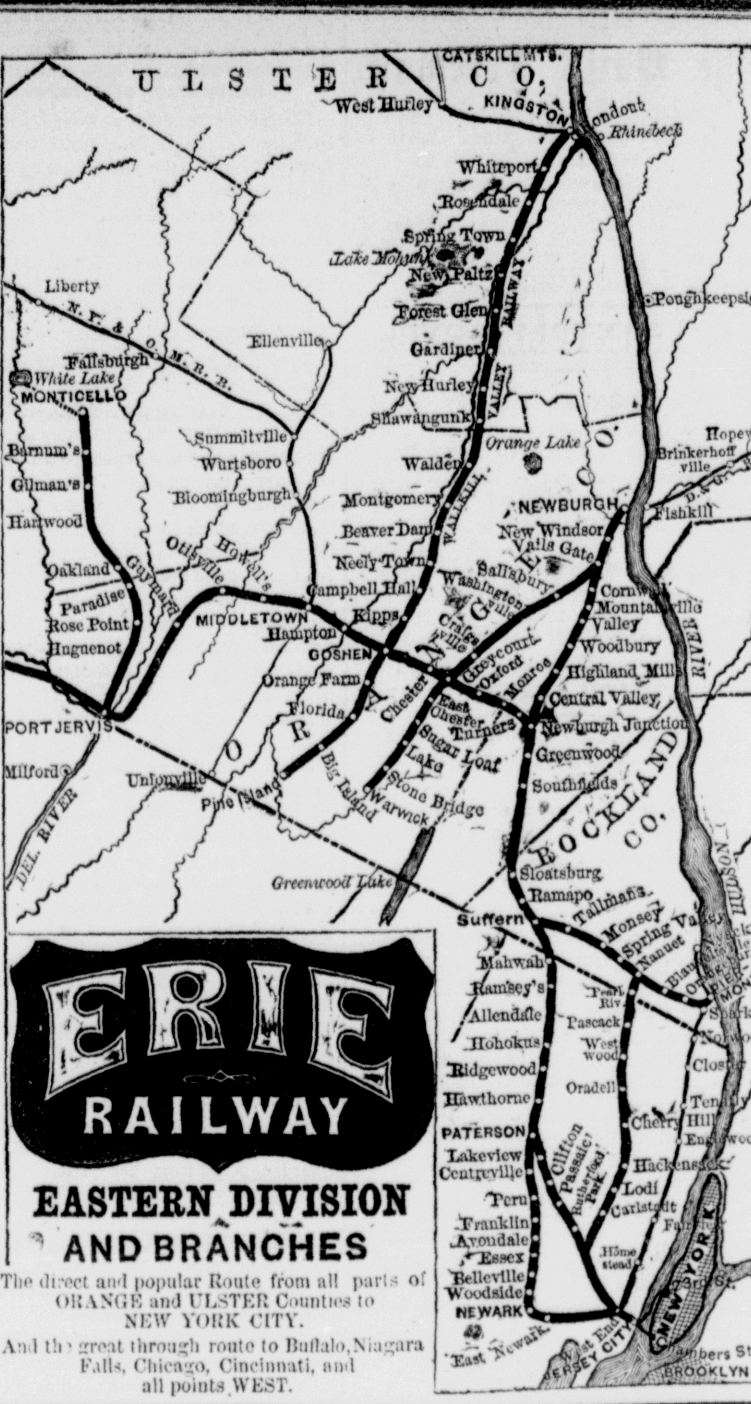
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Time Table of Walkill Valley Railway. took effect Monday, January 12, 1874.

RECAPITULATION: LEAVE KINGSTON, 7:15 A. M., 3:40 P. M. ARRIVE NEW YORK, 9:30 A. M., 5:30 P. M. LEAVE NEW YORK, 9:30 A. M., 5:30 P. M. ARRIVE KINGSTON, 1:30 P. M., 8:15 P. M.

IF A train will leave Kingston on Sunday or Monday, the train will leave Kingston on Sunday or Monday, making the running time of train 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

N. Y. & S. R. R. TIME-TABLE. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

STATIONS. 1. M. P. M. P. M. 2. M. P. M. P. M. 3. M. P. M. P. M. 4. M. P. M. P. M. 5. M. P. M. P. M. 6. M. P. M. P. M. 7. M. P. M. P. M. 8. M. P. M. P. M. 9. M. P. M. P. M. 10. M. P. M. P. M. 11. M. P. M. P. M. 12. M. P. M. P. M. 13. M. P. M. P. M. 14. M. P. M. P. M. 15. M. P. M. P. M. 16. M. P. M. P. M. 17. M. P. M. P. M. 18. M. P. M. P. M. 19. M. P. M. P. M. 20. M. P. M. P. M. 21. M. P. M. P. M. 22. M. P. M. P. M. 23. M. P. M. P. M. 24. M. P. M. P. M. 25. M. P. M. P. M. 26. M. P. M. P. M. 27. M. P. M. P. M. 28. M. P. M. P. M. 29. M. P. M. P. M. 30. M. P. M. P. M. 31. M. P. M. P. M. 32. M. P. M. P. M. 33. M. P. M. P. M. 34. M. P. M. P. M. 35. M. P. M. P. M. 36. M. P. M. P. M. 37. M. P. M. P. M. 38. M. P. M. P. M. 39. M. P. M. P. M. 40. M. P. M. P. M. 41. M. P. M. P. M. 42. M. P. M. P. M. 43. M. P. M. P. M. 44. M. P. M. P. M. 45. M. P. M. P. M. 46. M. P. M. P. M. 47. M. P. M. P. M. 48. M. P. M. P. M. 49. M. P. M. P. M. 50. M. P. M. P. M. 51. M. P. M. P. M. 52. M. P. M. P. M. 53. M. P. M. P. M. 54. M. P. M. P. M. 55. M. P. M. P. M. 56. M. P. M. P. M. 57. M. P. M. P. M. 58. M. P. M. P. M. 59. M. P. M. P. M. 60. M. P. M. P. M. 61. M. P. M. P. M. 62. M. P. M. P. M. 63. M. P. M. P. M. 64. M. P. M. P. M. 65. M. P. M. P. M. 66. M. P. M. P. M. 67. M. P. M. P. M. 68. M. P. M. P. M. 69. M. P. M. P. M. 70. M. P. M. P. M. 71. M. P. M. P. M. 72. M. P. M. P. M. 73. M. P. M. P. M. 74. M. P. M. P. M. 75. M. P. M. P. M. 76. M. P. M. P. M. 77. M. P. M. P. M. 78. M. P. M. P. M. 79. M. P. M. P. M. 80. M. P. M. P. M. 81. M. P. M. P. M. 82. M. P. M. P. M. 83. M. P. M. P. M. 84. M. P. M. P. M. 85. M. P. M. P. M. 86. M. P. M. P. M. 87. M. P. M. P. M. 88. M. P. M. P. M. 89. M. P. M. P. M. 90. M. P. M. P. M. 91. M. P. M. P. M. 92. M. P. M. P. M. 93. M. P. M. P. M. 94. M. P. M. P. M. 95. M. P. M. P. M. 96. M. P. M. P. M. 97. M. P. M. P. M. 98. M. P. M. P. M. 99. M. P. M. P. M. 100. M. P. M. P. M.

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